CDM-625A-EN Advanced Satellite Modem

Satellite Modems



Overview

The CDM-625A-EN Advanced Satellite Modem builds on our legacy of providing the most efficient satellite modems for IP-centric applications that require data encryption. With support for VersaFEC® Forward Error Correction (FEC), the revolutionary DoubleTalk® Carrier-in-Carrier® bandwidth compression, additional rolloffs and advanced packet processing, the CDM-625A-EN provides significant savings under all conditions. This combination of advanced technologies enables multi-dimensional optimization, allowing satellite communications users to:

- Minimize operating expenses (OPEX)
- Maximize throughput without using additional transponder resources
- · Maximize availability (margin) without using additional transponder resources
- Minimize capital expenses (CAPEX) by allowing a smaller BUC/HPA and/or antenna
- Or, a combination to meet specific business needs

Features

- DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier bandwidth compression
- Carrier-in-Carrier Automatic Power Control
- VersaFEC FEC with Adaptive Coding and Modulation (ACM)
- 5%, 10%, 15%, 20%, 25% and 35% Filter Rolloff
- Packet Processor with header compression, payload compression, advanced Quality of Service (QoS) and Managed Switch Mode with VLAN support
- Integrated 4-port managed Ethernet switch with VLAN and QoS
- Jumbo frame support
- AES Data Encryption for IP traffic (Packet Processor)
- Dual Band Capability: 70/140 MHz and extended L-Band (950 – 2250 MHz) in same unit
- Data Rate: 18 kbps to 25 Mbps
- Symbol Rate: 18 ksps to 12.5 Msps
- Modulation: BPSK, QPSK/OQPSK, 8PSK/8-QAM, 16-QAM
- FEC: Viterbi, Sequential, Concatenated Reed Solomon, TCM, Turbo Product Code (TPC) (IESS-315 Compliant), LDPC Code and VersaFEC (low-latency LDPC)
- Widest Range of data interfaces: 4-port 10/100Base-T Ethernet, EIA-422/530, V.35, G.703 T1, G.703 E1, G.703 T2, G.703 E2, Quad G.703 E1, ASI, LVDS, HSSI

Typical Users

- Mobile Network Operators
- Telecom Operators
- Satellite Service Providers
- Government & Military
- Enterprise
- Offshore

Common Applications

- Mobile Backhaul
- G.703 Trunking
- IP Trunking
- Offshore & Maritime Communications
- Enterprise
- Communications on-the-Move
- Satellite News Gathering
- IEEE 1588v2 Precision Time Protocol
- Sub Mux to multiplex IP/Ethernet traffic with serial or G.703 traffic
- Drop & insert for T1/E1
- Enhanced D&I++ for single T1/E1 & quad E1
- Management: 10/100Base-T Ethernet with SNMP, Distant End SNMP Proxy, HTTP, Telnet and EIA-232/EIA-485
- Carrier ID using MetaCarrier[®] Technology
- Embedded Distant-end Monitor and Control (EDMAC)
- Automatic Uplink Power Control (AUPC)
- Engineering Service Channel (ESC/ESC++)
- Standard high-stability internal reference (± 6 x 10⁻⁸)
- 5-tap Adaptive Equalizer
- L-Band TX: 10 MHz reference for BUC, FSK communications and optional BUC power supply
- L-Band RX: 10 MHz reference and LNB power supply
- L-Band: Advanced FSK for LPOD M&C
- 1:1 and 1:10 redundancy switches available
- Backwards compatible with CDM-625

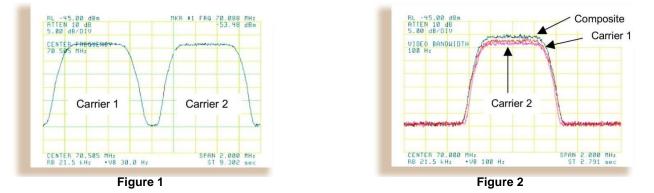


Doubletalk Carrier-in-Carrier

DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier, based on patented "Adaptive Cancellation" technology, allows transmit and receive carriers of a duplex link to share the same transponder bandwidth. DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier is complementary to all advances in modem technology, including advanced FEC and modulation techniques. As these technologies approach theoretical limits of power and bandwidth efficiencies, DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier utilizing advanced signal processing techniques provides a new dimension in bandwidth efficiency.

Figure 1 shows the typical full-duplex satellite link, where the two carriers are adjacent to each other.

Figure 2 shows the typical DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier operation, where the two carriers are overlapping, thus sharing the same spectrum.



When observed on a spectrum analyzer, only the Composite is visible. Carrier 1 and Carrier 2 are shown in Figure 2 for reference only.

As DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier allows equivalent spectral efficiency using a lower order modulation and/or code rate, it can reduce the power required to close the link thereby reducing CAPEX by allowing a smaller BUC/HPA and/or antenna. Alternatively, DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier can be used to achieve very high spectral efficiencies E.g., DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier when used with 16-QAM approaches the bandwidth efficiency of 256-QAM (8 bps/Hz).

When combined with VersaFEC or LDPC/TPC, it can provide unprecedented savings in transponder bandwidth and power utilization. This allows for its successful deployment in bandwidth-limited and power-limited scenarios, as well as reduction in earth station BUC/HPA power requirements.

Carrier-in-Carrier[®] is a Registered Trademark of Comtech EF Data DoubleTalk[®] is a Registered Trademark of Raytheon Applied Signal Technology VersaFEC[®] is a Registered Trademark of Comtech EF Data

Carrier-in-Carrier Automatic Power Control (CnC-APC)

The patent-pending Carrier-in-Carrier Automatic Power Control (CnC-APC) mechanism enables modems on both sides of a CnC link to automatically measure and compensate for rain fade while maintaining the Total Composite Power. In addition to automatically compensating for rain fade, CnC-APC also enables the modems to share link margin, i.e. a modem in clear sky conditions can effectively transfer excess link margin to a distant end modem experiencing fade, thereby further enhancing overall availability.

VersaFEC Forward Error Correction

CDM-625A-EN offers VersaFEC, a patent-pending system of high-performance LDPC codes designed to provide maximum coding gain while minimizing latency. VersaFEC is designed to support ACM and CCM mode of operation

The Ultra Low Latency (ULL) codes provide even lower latency compared to standard VersaFEC codes.

Adaptive Coding & Modulation (ACM)

Satellite users have traditionally relied on worst case link margin to overcome rain fade which leads to significant inefficiencies. ACM can provide significant increase in throughput as well as availability. ACM converts the fade margin into increased capacity making it possible to more than double the throughput for Ku-band operation. Even under deep fade, ACM may be able to maintain the link at the lower MODCOD thereby increasing availability. It is tightly integrated with packet processor QoS which allows higher priority, mission critical traffic to be maintained even during fade.

Low Density Parity Check Codes (LDPC) & Turbo Product Codes (TPC)

CDM-625A-EN offers an integrated LDPC and 2nd Generation TPC codec. LDPC is an advanced Forward Error Correction technique capable of providing performance much closer to Shannon limit. The current LDPC implementation can provide 0.7 to 1.2 dB additional coding gain compared to an equivalent TPC code.

In order to take full advantage of the increased coding gain provided by LDPC, Comtech EF Data has developed a patented 8-QAM modulation that allows for acquisition and tracking at much lower Eb/No compared to 8PSK.

Dual Band Capability

CDM-625A-EN supports 70/140 MHz and extended L-Band (950 – 2250 MHz) capability in the same unit with independently selectable transmit and receive IF. This simplifies sparing and stocking in networks requiring 70/140 MHz and L-Band units.

4-Port Managed Ethernet Switch with VLAN & QoS

CDM-625A-EN incorporates a 4-port 10/100Base-T managed Ethernet switch with VLAN capability and priority-based Quality of Service. Access (Native) Mode and Trunk Mode are supported. Traffic can be prioritized using port-based priority or VLAN priority. The modem supports jumbo frames with maximum Ethernet frame size of 2048 bytes.

Packet Processor

The optional high-performance Packet Processor enables efficient IP networking and transport over satellite with low overhead encapsulation, header compression, payload compression and advance Quality of Service to the CDM-625A-EN. The QoS combined with header and payload compression ensures the highest quality of service with minimal jitter and latency for real-time traffic, priority treatment of mission critical applications and maximum bandwidth efficiency.

Packet processor supports Routed mode as well as Managed Switch Mode of operation. In managed switch mode, it operates as a layer 2 switch with VLAN support, enabling seamless integration with existing infrastructure while providing full optimization including low overhead Streamline Encapsulation, header compression and payload compression and advanced QoS.

Header Compression

The Packet Processor incorporates industry-leading header compression for Ethernet and IP traffic. In managed switch mode, header compression can reduce the 54 byte Ethernet/IP/UDP/RTP header to as little as 1 byte. For TCP/IP, the 54 byte header (including Ethernet) is reduced to as little as 3 bytes. For applications such as VoIP, header compression can provide bandwidth savings exceeding 65%. E.g. the 8 kbps G.729 voice codec requires 31.2 kbps once encapsulated into an Ethernet frame with IP/UDP/RTP. With header compression, the same voice call needs about 9 kbps – a saving of almost 70%. And, bandwidth requirements for typical Web/HTTP traffic can be reduced by 10% or more with TCP/IP header compression.

Payload Compression

The Packet Processor incorporates industry-leading GZIP based payload compression for IP/Ethernet traffic. Implemented in hardware for maximum throughput and efficiency, payload compression can typically reduce the required satellite bandwidth by 30-40%.

Streamline Encapsulation (SLE)

The Packet Processor incorporates Comtech EF Data's patent-pending low overhead Streamline Encapsulation (SLE). SLE can reduce the encapsulation overhead by as much as 65% compared to industry standard HDLC.

Advanced Quality of Service (QoS)

The Packet Processor incorporates multi-level QoS to ensure the highest quality service with minimal jitter and latency for real-time traffic, priority treatment of mission critical applications and maximum bandwidth efficiency. Supported modes are:

- DiffServ Industry-standard method of providing QoS enabling seamless co-existence in networks that implement DiffServ
- Max/Priority Provides traffic prioritization with the ability to limit maximum traffic per priority class
- Min/Max Provides a Committed Information Rate (CIR) to each user defined class of traffic with the ability to allow a higher burstable rate depending on availability

A powerful classifier supports packet classification by Protocol, VLAN ID / range, ToS Byte, Source IP (or subnet), Destination IP (or subnet), Source Port (or Range), Destination Port (or Range) and DSCP (for DiffServ).

AES Data Encryption

Configurable on a per route basis, the modem supports AES data encryption for transmission security to prevent unauthorized access to data transmitted over the satellite link. AES data encryption is only available for IP traffic processed by the Packet Processor.

Quad E1 Interface (QDI) with Enhanced D&I++

The CDM-625A-EN supports a Quad E1 interface that can aggregate up to four full or fractional E1s into a single carrier, with very low overhead. This provides significant CAPEX savings by reducing the number of modems and could possibly reduce the BUC/HPA size by eliminating the multi-carrier backoff. A proprietary, closed network drop & insert (D&I++) allows for dropping or inserting any combination of 1 to 31 time slots on each E1. D&I++ is supported for E1-CCS only.

IP Sub Multiplexer

The IP sub mux allows multiplexing IP/Ethernet traffic with serial or G.703 traffic into a single carrier. This is particularly useful for cellular backhaul when both E1 and IP backhaul is required. This reduces the number of modems and could possibly reduce the BUC/HPA size by eliminating the multi-carrier backoff. The IP sub mux ratio ranges from 9:1 (IP data rate is 9 times that of the serial or G.703 data rate) to as low as 1:59. IP sub mux can also be used to provision an overhead IP channel for management when using non IP/Ethernet traffic interfaces.

EDMAC & AUPC

The CDM-625A-EN supports EDMAC, EDMAC-2, EDMAC-3 and AUPC. EDMAC/EDMAC-2/EDMAC-3 can be used to monitor and control the distant end of a satellite link using a proprietary overhead channel. EDMAC-3 is also used for SNMP management of the distant end modem. AUPC automatically adjusts modem transmit power based on feedback from the distant end modem to maintain the desired Eb/No. AUPC and EDMAC are supported for point-to-point duplex links.

Management & SNMP Proxy

The modem can be managed via the front panel, the remote M&C port (EIA-232/EIA-485), or the 10/100Base-T Ethernet port. With support for SNMP, HTTP and Telnet, the modem can be easily integrated into an IP-based management system. The CDM-625A-EN can also act as SNMP proxy for the distant end CDM-625A-EN. This allows distant end CDM-625A-EN management using SNMP without requiring an end-to-end IP link.

IEEE 1588v2 Precision Time Protocol (PTP)

PTP has emerged as the key technology for frequency, time and phase synchronization over a packet network. The CDM-625A-EN incorporates hardware support for PTP, thereby significantly improving synchronization accuracy for satellite backhaul.

Advanced FSK for LPOD Monitoring & Control

The Advanced FSK allows for monitoring and control of LPOD through modem front panel menus, serial remote control and Telnet.

Feature Enhancements

Enhancing the capability of the CDM-625A-EN in the field is easy. Features that do not require additional hardware can be added on site, using FAST access codes purchased from Comtech EF Data.

Specifications Data Rate	18 kbps to 25 Mbps, in 1 bps steps (modulation, FEC & data interface dependent)	Management		Ethernet with SNMP, HTTP and , EIA-232, EIA-485 (2- or 4-wire)	
Symbol Rate	18 ksps to 12.5 Msps	Form C Relays		t, RX and TX traffic alarms, oper	
Operating	50 – 180 MHz (standard) and	,	network backward alarms		
Frequency	950 – 2250 MHz (option)	External Reference BNC connector			
	100 Hz resolution, independent TX and RX	(Input OR Output)	Input: 1, 2, 5, c	or 10 MHz, -6 dBm to	
	operation		+10 dBm, 50 Ω/75 Ω (nominal)		
Major Operating	Open network, per IESS-308 / 309 / 310 / 314			lz, 2.7 V peak-to-peak	
Modes	transparent, closed network per IESS-315		± 0.4 V, low im	pedance output	
(See User Manual	LDPC / TPC Codec (option)				
for Details)	VersaFEC Codec (option) with ACM or Constant Coding & Modulation (CCM)	Data Interfaces		1	
	EDMAC Framed with/without AUPC	EIA-422/-530 DCE, Up to 14 Mbps		25-pin D-sub (female)	
	RS Outer Codec	V.35 DCE, Up to 14 Mbps			
	High rate ESC / Enhanced ESC (ESC++)	LVDS Serial, Up to 25 Mbps HSSI Serial, Up to 25 Mbps G.703 T1, 1.544 Mbps		25-pin D-sub (female)	
	Drop & insert (D&I) /Enhanced D&I++ (option)				
	Quad E1 drop & insert (QDI) (option)				
	DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier (option)	(Balanced 100 Ω)		_	
FEC & Modulation		G.703 T2, 6.312 Mbp			
None	Uncoded BPSK/QPSK/OQPSK	(Unbalanced 75 Ω or	balanced	9-pin D-sub (female)	
Viterbi: k=7, per	Rate 1/2 BPSK/QPSK/OQPSK	110 Ω)		or	
IESS-308/309	Rate 3/4 QPSK/OQPSK	G.703 E1, 2.048 Mbps (Unbalanced 75 Ω or balanced		BNC (female)	
	Rate 7/8 QPSK/OQPSK	(balanced		
Viterbi with Reed	Rate 3/4 16-QAM	<u>120 Ω)</u>	- /I hale allow and	_	
Solomon	Rate 7/8 16-QAM	G.703 E2, 8.448 Mbp	s (Unbalanced		
Sequential	See user manual for details	75 Ω)		PNC (fomolo)	
Reed Solomon	Open network and closed network modes	ASI, Up to 25 Mbps Additional 2.048 Mbps E1 Ports for		BNC (female)	
TCM (Per IESS-310)	8PSK/TCM Rate 2/3	Quad-E1 (Balanced 1		9-pin D-sub (female)	
Integrated LDPC	LDPC Code Rates	Overhead Data Modem Alarms		44-pin High-density D-sub	
and TPC (2 nd Gen)	Rate 1/2 BPSK/QPSK/OQPSK			(male)	
Codec (Optional Plug-in Module)	Rate 2/3 QPSK/OQPSK/8PSK/8-QAM Rate 3/4 QPSK/OQPSK/8PSK/8-QAM/16-QAM			15-pin D-sub (male)	
Flug-III Module)	TPC Code Rates	4-port 10/100Base-T Managed Ethernet Switch (With Packet Processor)			
	Rate 5/16 BPSK			4 x RJ-45	
	Rate 21/44 BPSK/QPSK/OQPSK				
	Rate 3/4 QPSK/OQPSK/8PSK/8-QAM/16-QAM	(- /	1	
	Rate 7/8 QPSK/OQPSK/8PSK/8-QAM/16-QAM	Modulator			
	Rate 0.95 QPSK/OQPSK/8PSK/8-QAM	Frequency Stability	+ 0.06 ppm (± 6 x 10-8), 0° to 50°C (32° to	
VersaFEC Codec	BPSK Rate 0.488		122°F) with i	nternal reference	
(Option)	QPSK Rate 0.533, 0.631, 0.706, 0.803	Transmit Filtering	Per IESS-308		
	8-QAM Rate 0.576 (ECCM), 0.642, 0.711, 0.780	Alpha (Rolloff)	5%, 10%, 15	%, 20%, 25%, 35%	
	16-QAM Rate 0.644 (ECCM), 0.731, 0.780, 0.829,	Harmonics and	Better than -60 dBc/4 kHz		
	0.853	Spurious	(typically <-6	5 dBc/4kHz)	
	BPSK 0.493 (ULL)			om 1 to 500 MHz	
0	QPSK 0.493, 0.654, 0.734 (ULL)		(50-180 MHz	,	
Scrambling	IDR Mode, no RS, - per ITU V.35 (Intelsat variant)		Measured F0 \pm 500 MHz		
	IBS mode, no RS - per IESS-309, externally frame synchronized	(950-2250 MI		,	
	Transparent Closed Network mode, no RS or	Transmit On/Off Ratio			
	Turbo coding - per ITU V.35 (Intelsat variant)	Output Phase Noise		double sided, 100 Hz to 1 MHz	
	EDMAC mode, no RS coding - externally frame			dB better overall than the Intels	
	synchronized - proprietary	IESS-308/309		,	
	Turbo Product Code/LDPC/VersaFEC modes -			equency Offset 0 Hz	
	externally frame synchronized - proprietary				
	All RS modes - externally frame synchronized per			-73.0 1 kHz -83.0 10 kHz	
	IESS-308/309/310		00.0 10		

	-93.0 100 kHz Fundamental AC line spurious is -42 dBc or
	lower The sum of all other single sideband spurious,
	from 0 to 0.75 x symbol rate, is -48 dBc or lower
Output Power	50-180 MHz:
	0 to -25 dBm, 0.1 dB steps 950-2250 MHz:
	0 to -40 dBm, 0.1 dB steps
Power Accuracy	50-180 MHz:
	\pm 0.5 dB over frequency, data rate, modulation type and temperature range of 15 to 35° C
	± 0.8 dB over frequency, data rate, modulation
	type and temperature range of 0 to 50° C 950-2250 MHz:
	± 0.7 dB over frequency, data rate, modulation
	type and temperature range of 15 to 35° C
	\pm 1.0 dB over frequency, data rate, modulation type and temperature range of 0 to 50° C
Output Impedance &	50-180 MHz: 50 $\Omega/75 \Omega$, 16 dB minimum
Return Loss	return loss (18 dB typical), BNC connector
	950-2250 MHz: 50 Ω, 19 dB minimum return
	loss (21 dB typical), Type-N connector
Clocking Options	Internal, ± 0.06 ppm (SCT)
	External, locking over a \pm 100 ppm range (TT)
	Loop timing (RX satellite clock) – supports asymmetric operation
	External clock
External TX Carrier Off	By TTL 'low' signal or external contact closure
BUC Reference	Via TX IF center conductor, 10.0 MHz
(10 MHz)	± 0.06 ppm (with internal reference),
BUC Power Supply	selectable on/off, 0.0 dBm ± 3 dB 24 VDC, 4.17 Amps max., 90 W @ 50° C
(HW Option)	48 VDC, 3.125 Amps max., 150 W @ 50° C
· · · /	(180 W @ 30° C)
	Supplied through TX IF center conductor and selectable on/off via M&C control
Demodulator	
Input Power Range, Desired Carrier	50-180 MHz: -105 + 10 log (symbol rate) to -70 + 10 log (symbol rate) dBm
Desireu Camer	950-2250 MHz: -130 + 10 log (symbol rate) to -
	80 + 10 log (symbol rate) dBm
Max Composite	50-180 MHz:
Operating Level	94 – 10 log (symbol rate, desired carrier) dBc, +10 dBm max., with the additional requirement
	that within ± 10 MHz of the desired carrier the
	composite power is \leq +30 dBc
	950-2250 MHz: 102 – 10 log (symbol rate, desired carrier) dBc,
	+10 dBm max., with the additional requirement
	that within \pm 10 MHz of the desired carrier the composite power is \leq +30 dBc
	Composite power is 2 TOU UDU
Absolute Maximum	+20 dBm
Adaptive Equalizer	5-tap design, selectable on/off Programmable in 1kHz increments
Acquisition Range Below 64	\pm 1 kHz to \pm (Rs/2) kHz, where Rs = symbol
ksymbols/sec	rate in ksymbols/sec
Between 64 and	± 1 kHz to ± 32 kHz
389 ksymbols/sec Above 389	\pm 1 kHz to \pm (0.1 * Rs) kHz, up to a maximum
ksymbols/sec	of ± 300 kHz
Acquisition Time	Highly dependent on data rate, FEC rate, and
	demodulator acquisition range. E.g. 120 ms average at 64 kbps, R1/2 QPSK, ±
	10 kHz acquisition sweep range,
-	6 dB Eb/No
Plesiochronous/	Selectable from 64 to 262,144 bits, in 16-bit
Doppler Buffer	steps (Additional limitations for G.704 frame boundaries)

MHz) È		±	/ia RX IF center conductor, 10.0 MHz ± 0.06 ppm (with internal reference), selectable on/off, -3.0 dBm ± 3 dB
LNB Voltage S		S	Selectable on/off, 13 VDC, 18 VDC per DiSEq 1.2 and 24 VDC at 500 mA maximum
			Eb/N0 estimate, corrected BER, frequency ffset, buffer fill state, receive signal level
DoubleTa Delay Ran		r-in-(Carrier 0 to 330 ms
Power Spectral Density Ratio			BSPK/QPSK/8PSK/8-QAM: -7 dB to +11 dB 16-QAM: -7 dB to +7 dB
(Interferer to Desired) Maximum Symbol Rate			3:1 (TX:RX or RX:TX)
Ratio Eb/No Degradation			0 dB Power Spectral Density Ratio BPSK/QPSK/OQPSK: 0.3 dB 8-QAM: 0.4 dB 8PSK: 0.5 dB 16-QAM: 0.6 dB +10 dB power spectral density ratio Additional 0.3 dB
Satellite Restrictions			Satellite in "loop-back" mode (i.e., the transmit station can receive itself) "Non-processing" satellite (i.e., does not demodulate or remodulate the signal)
Available Hardware	Options		C, 120 W AC primary power supply
Hardware			
Hardware	-48 VDC, 125 W primary power supply -24 VDC, 120 W primary power supply		
Hardware			
Tialuwale			
Hardware	48 VDC primary power supply 48 VDC, 150 W @ 50°C (180 W @ 30°C) BUC power supply, AC or 48 VDC primary power supply		
Hardware	Integrated TPC (2nd generation) and LDPC Codec module		
FAST	L-Band IF (in addition to 70/140 MHz)		
FAST	Modem data rate – 10 Mbps, 15 Mbps, 20 Mbps or 25 Mbps		
FAST	8PSK and 8-QAM modulation (8-QAM requires TPC/LDPC or VersaFEC Codec)		
FAST FAST	16-QAM modulation		
FAST	TPC/LDPC Codec data rate – 10 Mbps, 15 Mbps, 20 Mbps or 25 Mbps Activate DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier Feature		
FAST			
I AUI	DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier Data Rate (full) – 512 kbps, 1.1 Mbps, 2.5 Mbps, 5 Mbps, 10 Mbps, 15 Mbps, 20 Mbps or 25 Mbps		
FAST	DoubleTalk Carrier-in-Carrier Data Rate (fractional) – 2.5 Mbps, 5 Mbps, 10 Mbps, 15 Mbps, 20 Mbps or 25 Mbps		
FAST	VersaFEC Codec data rate (CCM) – 1.1 Mbps, 2.5 Mbps, 5 Mbps or 16 Mbps		
FAST	VersaFEC Codec symbol rate (ACM) – 300 ksps, 1.2 Msps or 4.1 Msps		
FAST	Open network – IBS with high rate IBS ESC, IDR and audio		
FAST	D&I / D&I++ for single Port T1/E1		
FAST	D&I++ For Quad E1 Port 2, 3 and 4		
FAST	Quality of Service		
FAST	Header Compression		
FAST	Payload Compression		
FAST	Advance	d Net	work Timing (IEEE 1588v2 PTP)
Accessor CRS-170A		1:1 M	lodem Redundancy Switch (L-Band)
			lodem Redundancy Switch (70/140 MHz)
CRS-500			Nodem Redundancy System

-	CK3-170A	1.1 Modern Redundancy Switch (L-Band)
	CRS-180	1:1 Modem Redundancy Switch (70/140 MHz)
ł	CRS-500	1:N Modem Redundancy System (For use with Packet Processor Only)
, ±	CRS-282XXX	1:10 IF Redundancy Switch (For use with CRS-500)

Environmental and Physical				
Temperature	Operating: 0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F)			
	Storage: -40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F)			
Humidity	95% maximum, non-condensing			
Power Supply	100 – 240 VAC, +6%/-10%, 50/60 Hz, auto sensing -24 VDC (HW option) -48 VDC (HW option)			
Dimensions (1RU) (height x width x depth)	1.75" x 19.0" x 17.65" (4.4 x 48 x 44.8 cm) approximate			
Weight	10.8 lbs (4.9 kg) maximum, with all option modules and 48 VDC BUC power supply installed			
CE Mark	EN 301 489-1 (ERM) EN55022 (Emissions) EN55024 (Immunity) EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN60950 (Safety)			
FCC	FCC Part 15, Subpart B			

